# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2023 REGULAR SESSION**

## **ENROLLED**

# House Bill 3559

By Delegates Westfall, Fluharty, Hillenbrand,
Steele, Ward, Ridenour, Warner, Martin, Kump,
Marple and Kimble

[Passed March 11, 2023; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §49-4-201 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to newborn safety devices; authorizing the use of newborn safety devices; describing the installation and location of a newborn safety device; granting anonymity to the person placing a child in a newborn safety device; outlining the monitoring of a newborn safety device; requiring the transportation of a child found in a newborn safety device to a hospital or medical facility; waiving rights of notification and standing by the person placing a child in a newborn safety device; granting immunity to the emergency service medical provider who removes the child from the newborn safety device; and removing the anonymity provision if child abuse or neglect are evident.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

### ARTICLE 4. COURT ACTIONS.

### §49-4-201. Accepting possession of certain relinquished children.

- (a) A hospital or health care facility operating in this state, or a fire department that has been designated a safe-surrender site under §49-4-206 of this code, shall, without a court order, take possession of a child if the child is voluntarily delivered to the hospital, health care facility, or fire department by the child's parent within 30 days of the child's birth, and the parent did not express an intent to return for the child.
- (b) A hospital, health care facility, or fire department that takes possession of a child under this article shall perform any act necessary to protect the physical health or safety of the child. In accepting possession of the child, the hospital, health care facility, or fire department may not require the person to identify himself or herself and shall otherwise respect the person's desire to remain anonymous.
- (c) Hospitals, health care facilities, and fire departments designated as safe-surrender sites under §49-4-206, of this code may install and operate newborn safety devices as defined in this section.
  - (d) "Newborn safety device" means a device:

§49-1-201 of this code.

39

15	(1) Designed to permit a person to anonymously place a child under 30 days of age in the
16	device with the intent to leave the child, and for a licensed emergency medical services provider
17	to remove the child from the device and take custody of him or her;
18	(2) Equipped with an adequate dual alarm system connected to the physical location
19	where the device is physically installed. The dual alarm system shall:
20	(A) Be tested at least one time per week to ensure the alarm system is in working order;
21	and
22	(B) Be visually checked at least two times per day to ensure the alarm system is in working
23	order;
24	(C) Notify a centralized location in the facility within 30 seconds of a child being placed in
25	the device;
26	(D) Trigger a 911 call if staff at the facility do not respond within 15 minutes after a child is
27	placed in the device.
28	(3) Be approved by and physically located, with outside access, at a participating hospital
29	or medical facility, or a fire department that has been designated a safe-surrender site under §49-
30	4-206 of this code, that:
31	(A) Is licensed or otherwise legally operating in this state; and
32	(B) Is staffed continuously on a 24-hour basis every day by a licensed emergency medical
33	services provider; and
34	(4) Is located in an area that is conspicuous and visible to a hospital, a medical facility, or
35	a fire department.
36	(d) A person who relinquishes a child in a newborn safety device may remain anonymous
37	and shall not be pursued, and the relinquishment of a child pursuant to the provisions of this
38	section shall not, in and of itself, be considered child abuse and neglect as that term is defined in

### Enr HB 3559

(e) Any emergency medical services provider who physically retrieves a child from a
newborn safety device shall immediately arrange for the child to be taken to the nearest hospital
emergency room and shall have implied consent to any and all appropriate medical treatment.

- (f) By placing a child in a newborn safety device, the person:
- (1) Waives the right to notification required by subsequent court proceedings; and
- (2) Waives legal standing to make a claim of action against any person who accepts physical custody of the child.
- (g) An emergency medical services provider with the duty granted in this article whose actions are taken in good faith is immune from criminal or civil liability, unless his or her actions were the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct. The grant of immunity in this section extends to all employees and administrators of the emergency medical services provider.
- (h) The provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall not apply when indicators of child physical abuse or child neglect are present.

The Clerk of the House of Delegates and the Clerk of the Senate hereby certify that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
Clerk of the House of Delegates
Clerk of the Senate
Originated in the House of Delegates.
In effect ninety days from passage.
Speaker of the House of Delegates
President of the Senate
The within is this the
Day of, 2023.
Governor